

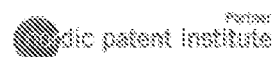
The International Bureau, WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
CH-1211 Geneva
Switzerland

Danish Patent
and Trademark Office

Holgervej 64 01
2500 Rosstrup

Tel. : 43 50 80 00
Fax : 43 50 80 01
E-mail : ipr@dkpto.dk
Web : www.dkpto.dk
CVR-no. : 17 03 04 15

Danish Ministry of Economic
and Business Affairs



Our ref: MP862220
Your Reference:
International Registration: 862220
Holder: KAN SP.Z O.O.
Mark: KAN-THERM
Time limit: 14 December 2017

14 August 2017

Dear Madam/Sir

Notification of Partial Provisional Refusal of IR 862220 according to Rule 17(2)

The above-mentioned mark is provisionally refused protection in Denmark for some of the goods covered by the designation, namely:

Class 06: *Bent tubes, T-fittings, rings, sleeves, extenders, nipples, plates and screws for assembly.*

Class 8: *Carrying cases for clamping tools.*

Class 11: *Notched protective tubes with fastening handles, valves, mixers, retaining valves, complex valves, selector valves.*

The reasons for the refusal are given in the enclosed examination report. The holder may request a review of the refusal before 14 December 2017. Further information about procedures is found in the report.

Yours faithfully

Bjarke Pii Korremann
Legal adviser, Trademarks/Design, (MSc) Business Administration and Commercial Law

Examination Report

Grounds for refusal

We have found that the list of goods and services is too vague, cf. the Danish Trade Marks Act, Section 12.

According to the Danish Trade Mark Act and the ruling of the ECJ in C-418/02, a trademark application must contain a precise list of the goods and services covered by the registration of the mark.

Regarding “bent tubes”, “T-fittings”, “rings” and “plates and screws for assembly” in class 6.

The terms are considered too vague since we cannot exclude that it covers goods in other classes. Therefore you have to make it clear, that it only includes goods classified in class 6 e.g. by specifying that the goods are of metal.

Regarding “nipples” in class 6.

The term is considered too vague since we cannot exclude that it covers goods in other classes. We suggest you specify the term to e.g. “grease nipples” in class 6.

Regarding “carrying cases for clamping tools” in class 8.

We consider the term too vague. The term is not sufficiently clear, since it may include goods not classified in class 8, for instance “carrying cases” in class 18. If you want the term in your list of goods, you have to make it clear, that it only includes goods classified in class 8.

Regarding “notched protective tubes with fastening handles” in class 11.

We consider the term too vague since it may include tubes not classified in class 11. If you want the term in your list of goods, you have to make it clear, that it only includes goods classified in class 11, and specify the term to e.g. “notched protective tubes with fastening handles (parts of heating installations)” in class 11.

Regarding “valves” in class 11.

We consider the term “valves” too vague. The term is not sufficiently clear, since it may include goods not classified in class 11, for instance the good “valves” in class 7. If you want the term in your list of goods, you have to make it clear, that it only includes goods classified in class 11.

Regarding “mixers” in class 11.

We consider the term “mixers” too vague. The term is not sufficiently clear, since it may include goods not classified in class 11, for instance the goods “concrete mixers” in class 7 or “sound mixers” in class 9. If you want the term in your list of goods, you have to make it clear, that it only includes goods classified in class 11.

Regarding “retaining valves, complex valves, selector valves” in class 11.

We consider the term too vague since it may include valves not classified in class 11. If you want the term in your list of goods, you have to make it clear, that it only includes goods classified in class 11.

Request for review of the provisional refusal

You may request a review of the provisional refusal **within 4 months** from the date of issue of the provisional refusal.

Please observe that documents or evidence submitted by you will be available to the public according to the regulations of The Danish Access to Public Administration Files Act.

Final refusal and appeal

If you do not reply within the time-limit mentioned above, we will issue a final refusal, which is subject to appeal to the Board of Appeal for Patents and Trademarks.

If you do not appeal our final decision, we will publish the mark for the remaining goods, namely:

Class 06: *Couplers of brass, reducing fittings and caps of metal, clamping sleeves for tubes of copper, nuts for tubes of copper, elbow fittings of copper, screw sets of brass, shut-off valves of metal.*

Class 08: *Shears for cutting plastic installation tubes, hand-held presses for tube couplings (tools), mandrels (tools).*

Class 09: *Water meters, calorimeters, circuit breakers, sleeve compensators, thermometers and disk manometers, room thermostats.*

Class 11: *Apparatus and installations for drinking water distribution and sanitary installations, including their components and frames; central heating installations and their pipes; level control valves, mixing valves; heating control cabinets (heating installation parts), water-heating apparatus, central heating boilers, air release valves, thermostatic valves and heads, filters (parts of household or industrial installations).*

Class 17: *Handles and clips for fastening tubes, knuckle joints and nipples for couplers of plastic.*

Class 20: *Plastic hooks for tubes, plastic shut-off valves.*

Further information

Please see Appendices A and B for information on our search of **earlier rights** (relative grounds for refusal) and an abstract of the relevant sections of the Danish Trade Marks Act.

You are welcome to contact us if you have any questions.

Appendix A: Information about search results

Appendix B: Abstract of the Danish Trade Marks Act

Appendix A

Information about search results

We have conducted a search in the relevant Danish registers for earlier conflicting rights, such as trademarks, company names and personal names.

Please find the result of our search by following the link below:

<http://onlineweb.dkpto.dk/pvsonline/Varemaerke?action=104&sagID=MP862220&language=en>

Please note that the search result has not been examined for relative grounds. You can request an examination of relative grounds by contacting our Office.

Please be informed that there might be conflicting Community trademarks and/or trademarks under the Protocol relating to the Madrid Agreement of which we either had no knowledge at all or about which we had no information as to the extent of the trademarks at the time of our search. You should also be aware that other rights which are not included in our search, such as design rights, copyright or closely similar company names, may serve as relative grounds.

General information concerning the relative grounds for refusal

Please note that the rights mentioned in the search report can act as possible grounds for refusal, only if the holders of the cited rights should file an opposition against the validity of the designation in Denmark.

Therefore you may choose to have the designation published in the Danish Trademark Gazette irrespective of the earlier rights. This allows a third party to file an opposition within a period of 2 months from the date of publication.

Should an opposition be filed against the designation, we will inform you accordingly and invite you to comment on the opposition before the Danish Patent and Trademark Office makes a decision. If no opposition is filed within the time limit, the designation will be granted full validity in Denmark.

If you wish to overcome the earlier rights before the designation is published, you can choose to:

Supply us with a letter of consent from the proprietors of the earlier rights, permitting you to make use of the trademark in Denmark and have the trademark published in the Danish Trademark Gazette

and/or

Limit the list of goods and services in order to avoid that the designation covers goods and services similar to those covered by the earlier rights. Please note that a limitation of the list of goods and services should be submitted to the International Bureau (Form MM6) according to Rule 25 of the Common Regulations.

The possibility of overcoming earlier rights through a written consent and/or a limitation of the list of goods and services is also at hand during an opposition procedure.

Appendix B

Abstract of the Danish Trade Marks Act and Order on Application and Registration, etc. of Trade Marks and Collective Marks

Signs of which a trade mark may consist

Section 2

(1) A Trade mark may consist of any sign capable of distinguishing the goods or services of one enterprise from those of other enterprises and capable of being represented graphically, in particular:

- (i) words and word combinations, including slogans, personal names, company names or names of real property;
- (ii) letters and numerals;
- (iii) pictures and designs; or
- (iv) the shape, equipment or packaging of the goods.

(2) A trade mark right shall not be acquired for signs which consist exclusively of a shape which is dictated by the goods themselves, a shape of goods which is necessary to obtain a technical result or a shape which gives substantial value to the goods.

Registration of trade marks

Section 12

(1) An application for the registration of a trade mark shall be filed with the Patent and Trademark Office. The application shall contain a reproduction of the trade mark and state the applicant's name or company. Furthermore, the goods or services for which registration of the trade mark is applied for shall be stated.

(2) The application shall be drawn up in accordance with the provisions laid down pursuant to section 48. The prescribed fee shall accompany the application.

(3) The Patent and Trade mark Office shall keep a register of trade marks. The Office shall publish registrations, etc.

Processing of applications

Section 20

(1) If the application does not comply with this Act or the provisions laid down pursuant to this Act, or if the Patent and Trademark Office has other objections to the acceptance of the application, the Patent and Trademark Office shall notify the applicant accordingly and invite him to file his observations within a specified time limit.

Grounds for refusal

Section 13

(1) For a trademark to be registered it shall be of the nature referred to in section 2, including a distinctive character.

(2) The following trademarks shall not be registered:

- (i) trade marks which consist exclusively of signs or indications which may serve, in trade, to designate the kind, quality, quantity, intended purpose, value, geographical origin, the time of production of the goods or of rendering the services or other characteristics of the goods or services;

- (ii) trademarks which consist exclusively of signs or indications which are customarily used to designate the goods or services in the current language or in the established practices of the trade.
- (3) Irrespective of the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2) a trademark may be registered if, before the filing of the application in consequence of the use which has been made thereof, it has acquired a distinctive character.

Section 14

Furthermore, the following shall not be registered:

- (i) trademarks which are contrary to law, public order or morality;
- (ii) trademarks which are liable to mislead the public, for instance as to the nature, quality or geographical origin of the goods or services;
- (iii) trademarks which have not been authorized by the competent authorities and are to be refused pursuant to Article 6ter of the Paris Convention for the Protection of industrial Property, and trademarks which include badges, emblems and escutcheons which are of public interest, unless the consent of the appropriate authority to their registration has been given;

Order on Application and Registration, etc. of Trade Marks and Collective Marks no. 364 of 21 May 2008

Section 2

(1) The application shall indicate:

- (ii) the goods and/or services for which the registration of the mark is requested grouped in classes in compliance with the classification in the Nice Agreement of 1957 with subsequent amendments concerning international classification of goods and services for the purpose of registration of trademarks...