

automation and optimization devices, apparatus and systems; computer services, namely, monitoring via electronically gathering, analyzing and formatting data and reporting to others on the performance of building, facility and plant controls, control devices, apparatus and systems, and building, facility and plant, automation and optimization devices, apparatus and systems to ensure proper functioning; providing temporary use of on-line, non-downloadable computer applications and computer software for use in database management and coordinated control of energy management systems and security systems for building, facility, and plant controls, control devices, apparatus and systems, and building, facility and plant automation and optimization devices, apparatus and systems; technical support services, namely, 24/7 service desk or help desk services for IT infrastructure, operating systems, database systems related to building, facility, and plant controls, control devices, apparatus and systems, and building, facility and plant control, automation and optimization software, devices, apparatus and systems; installation, maintenance and repair of systems comprising computer software for buildings, facilities and plants; installation, maintenance and repair of automation and optimization systems comprising computer software for building, facility and plant environmental, safety, security, fire, sprinkler, water flow, surveillance, tracking, emergency, energy, lighting, sound, display, threat detection, access, and asset management devices, apparatus and systems; installation, maintenance and repair of control systems comprising computer software for the on-site and remote monitoring, control, operation, automation, and optimization of, and interaction with, building, facility, and plant devices, apparatus and systems for heating, air conditioning, ventilation, refrigeration, energy use, allocation, maintenance, efficiency and stabilization, lighting, sound, communication, luminescent display, audio and video broadcast, battery and storage cell electrical charging, metering and payment, fire and smoke detection, alarm, suppression, containment and control, water flow, emergency evacuation, security access and alarms, CCTV, surveillance, asset and personnel tracking, light and motion detection, moisture detection, environmental hazard detection, threat detection and safety, gas detection, alarm and containment, asset management, manufacturing, and equipment and systems fault detection; monitoring building, facility and plant automation and optimization systems to ensure proper functioning."

Cl. 45: "Monitoring security alarm systems for building, facility and plant automation and optimization systems; monitoring building security alarm systems for facility and plant environmental, safety, security, fire, sprinkler, water flow, surveillance, tracking, emergency, energy, lighting, sound, display, threat detection, access, and asset management devices, apparatus and systems; monitoring of security alarm systems from building, facility and plant environmental, safety, security, fire, sprinkler, water flow, surveillance, tracking, emergency, energy, lighting, sound, display, threat detection, access, and asset management devices, apparatus and systems."

VII. Grounds for refusal

Relative grounds

Earlier conflicting rights have been found, e.g. identical or confusingly similar mark and/or application and/or appellation of origin and/or industrial design:

Information relating to an earlier national mark: Registration number 120020; Registration date 05.09.1994; Filing number 144905; Filing date 24.10.1991; Name and address of the owner Johnson Controls , Inc., Corporation state of Wisconsin (United States of America).

Article 1482. The Types of Trademarks

1. Word, image, 3-dimensional and other designations or combinations thereof may be registered as trademarks.
2. A trademark may be registered in any color or in any color-combination.

Article 1483. Grounds for Refusing State Registration to a Trademark

1. No trademark state registration shall be granted to designations not having a distinguishing capability or composed only of elements:

- 1) that have come into general usage as designations for goods of a certain kind;
- 2) being generally-accepted symbols and terms;
- 3) that characterizes goods, for instance indicating their kind, quality, quantity, properties, intended purpose, value, and the time, place and method of their manufacture or sale;
- 4) representing a form of goods that is defined exclusively or mainly by the properties or intended purpose of the goods.

The said elements may be included in a trademark as non-protected elements, unless they dominate therein.

1.1. The provisions of paragraph 1 of this article are not applicable to designations which:

- 1) have acquired a distinctive capability as the result of the use thereof;
- 2) consist only of the elements referred to in subparagraphs 1 - 4 of paragraph 1 of this article and forming a combination that has the distinctive capability.

2. No trademark state registration shall be granted to designations that are related to objects that are not subject of legal protection in accordance with Article 1231.1 of the present Code, or that are confusingly similar to them.

3. No trademark state registration shall be granted to designations which are or comprise elements:

- 1) which are false or capable of misleading the consumer concerning goods or the manufacturer of goods;
- 2) which conflict with the public interest and with humanity and moral principles.

4. No trademark state registration shall be granted to designations identical or similar to the extent of confusion with the official names and images of especially-precious objects of cultural heritage of the peoples of the Russian Federation or objects of world cultural or natural heritage, and also with images of cultural valuables preserved in collections, collected items and stocks if registration is sought in the names of persons not being owners without the consent of the owners or persons authorized by the owners for these designations to be registered as trademarks.

5. In accordance with an international treaty of the Russian Federation, no trademark state registration shall be granted to designations which are or which comprise elements protected in a member state of that international treaty as designations allowing identification of wines or alcoholic beverages as originating from its territory (produced within the borders of a geographical object of that state) and having a special quality, reputation or other characteristics predominantly defined by the origin thereof, if the trademark is intended for designating wines or alcoholic beverages not originating from the territory of the given geographical object.

6. No trademark registration shall be granted to designations identical or confusingly similar with:

- 1) other persons' trademarks, which were applied for registration (article 1492) with respect to similar goods and having an earlier priority, if the application for state registration of the said trademark has not been withdrawn, deemed withdrawn or no decision has been taken with respect to the refusal in its state registration;
- 2) other persons' trademarks protected in the Russian Federation, including under an international treaty of the Russian Federation for similar goods and having an earlier priority;
- 3) other persons' trademarks that have been recognized in the procedure established by the present Code as well-known trademarks in the Russian Federation, in respect of similar goods from earlier date than the priority of the claimed designation.

The registration of a designation as trademark for similar goods confusingly similar to any of the trademarks indicated in sub-points 1 and 2 of the present point is allowed with the consent of the

right holder provided that such a registration shall not cause confusion to a consumer. The consent can not be withdrawn by the right holder.

The provisions provided by the fifth paragraph of this point shall not apply in respect of designations confusingly similar to collective marks.

7. No trademark registration shall be granted to designations identical or confusingly similar to an appellation of origin of goods, protected in accordance with the present Code, as well as to a designations, that were applied for registration as such until the priority date of the trademark, except for the case when such an appellation or a designation confusingly similar to it is included as a non-protected element into a trademark registered in the name of a person having the exclusive right for such an appellation, if the registration of the trademark is carried out with respect to the same goods for the individualization of which the appellation of origin is registered.

8. No trademark registration shall be granted for similar goods to designations identical or confusingly similar to a company name or a commercial name (specific elements of such names) protected in the Russian Federation or with the name of a selection invention registered in the State Register of Protected selection inventions to which rights has emerged owned by other persons in the Russian Federation prior to the priority date of the trademark being registered.

9. No trademark registration shall be granted to designations identical to:

1) the title/name of a scientific, literary or artistic work, a character or quotation from such work, known in the Russian Federation as of the date of filing of the trademark state registration application (Article 1492) or to an artistic work or a fragment thereof without the consent of the right holder, if rights to the relevant work emerged prior to the priority date of the trademark being registered;

2) the name (article 19), pseudonym (paragraph 1 of article 1265 and subparagraph 3 of paragraph 1 of article 1315) or designations that are derived from them, a portrait or a facsimile of a person known in the Russian Federation on the date of filing of the application, without the consent of that person or his successor;

3) an industrial design, mark of compliance, in respect of which rights has emerged prior to the priority date of the trademark being registered.

The provisions of this paragraph shall also apply in respect of designations confusingly similar to the objects indicated therein.

10. No trademark registration shall be granted in respect of similar goods to designations, elements of which are protected in accordance with present Code, means of individualization of other persons protected, confusingly similar to them, as well as objects referred to in paragraph 9 of this article. The state registration as trademarks of designations is allowed with the appropriate consent under paragraph 6 and subparagraphs 1 and 2 of paragraph 9 of this article.

11. On the grounds provided by present article, no legal protection shall be granted to trademarks registered in accordance with the international treaties of the Russian Federation.

Article 1492 (3). The Trademark Application

3. The trademark application shall comprise the following:

1) an application for the state registration of a designation as a trademark with reference to the applicant, his/its place of residence/whereabouts;

2) the designation being declared;

3) a list of the goods for which the trademark state registration is sought and which are classified under the classes of the International Classification of Goods and Services for Marks Registration;

4) a description of the designation being declared.

Article 1496. The Consequences of Coincidence of the Priority Dates of Trademarks

1. If applications were filed by different applicants for identical trademarks in respect of fully coinciding or partially coinciding lists of goods, and these applications have one and the same priority date the trademark so declared for the goods of which lists coincide may be registered only in the name of one of the applicants to be chosen by agreement between them.

2. If applications for identical trademarks for fully or partially coinciding lists of goods have

been filed by one and the same applicant, and these applications have one and the same priority date, the trademark for the goods for which the said lists are coincident may be registered only under one of the applications to be chosen by the applicant.

3. If applications for identical trademarks have been filed by different applicants (Item 1 of the present article), then within six months after the receipt of a relevant notice from the federal executive governmental body charged with intellectual property matters they shall notify that federal body of the agreement they have reached in choosing the specific application whereby the state registration will be sought for the trademark. During the same term the applicant that has filed applications for identical trademarks shall notify of his/its choice made (Item 2 of the present article).

Unless during the established term the federal executive governmental body charged with intellectual property matters receives the said notice or a petition for extension of the established term, the trademark applications shall be deemed withdrawn on the basis of a decision of that federal body.

Article 1497 (3). The Expert Examination of a Trademark Application and the Making of Amendments to Application Documents

3. A change in the details of the applicant is a trademark application, for instance in the event of assignment or transfer of the right of registering the trademark or due to a change in the name of the applicant, and also the correction of obvious and technical errors in application documents may be made until the state registration of the trademark (Article 1503).

Article 1511. The State Registration of a Collective Mark

1. The application for registration of a collective mark (collective mark application) filed with the federal executive governmental body charged with intellectual property matters shall be accompanied by a charter of the collective mark comprising the following:

- 1) the name of the association authorized to register the collective mark in its name (right holder);
- 2) a list of the persons entitled to use the collective mark;
- 3) the purpose of registration of the collective mark;
- 4) a list of the uniform characteristics of quality of, or other common characteristics of the goods which are going to be designated by the collective mark;
- 5) terms for using the collective mark;
- 6) provisions on the procedure for monitoring the use of the collective mark;
- 7) provisions on liability for a breach of the charter of the collective mark.

2. In addition to the details required by Articles 1503 and 1504 of the present Code the following shall be entered into the State Register of Trademarks and a certificate of a collective mark: information on the persons entitled to use the collective mark. This information and also an abstract from the charter of the collective mark on the uniform characteristics of the quality, and the common characteristics, of the goods for which this mark is registered shall be published by the federal executive governmental body charged with intellectual property matters in the gazette. The right holder shall notify the federal executive governmental body charged with intellectual property matters of the amendments made to the charter of a collective mark.

3. If a collective mark is used on goods not having uniform quality characteristics or other common characteristics the legal protection of the collective mark may be terminated before due date in full or in part under a court decision adopted at the application of any person concerned.

4. A collective mark and a collective mark application may be transformed into a trademark and a trademark application respectively and vice versa. The procedure for such transformation shall be established by the federal executive governmental body charged with normative legal regulation in the area of intellectual property.

Corresponding essential provisions of the applicable law

**Регистрация товарного знака (знака обслуживания)
в Российской Федерации**

(111) Номер государственной регистрации	120020
Воспроизведение товарного знака	
METASYS	
(151) Дата государственной регистрации	05.09.1994
(210) Номер заявки на государственную регистрацию	144905
(220) Дата подачи заявки на государственную регистрацию	24.10.1991
(181) Дата истечения срока действия исключительного права на товарный знак	24.10.2021
Сведения о заявителе Наименование или ФИО:	Джонсон Контролс, Инк., корпорация штата Висконсин
Адрес и код страны:	Соединенные Штаты Америки
(511) Перечень товаров и услуг, в отношении которых зарегистрирован товарный знак:	
09 - электрическая и электронная аппаратура и системы управления, их части и компоненты, включенные в 9 класс, предназначенные для систем обогрева, кондиционирования воздуха, вентиляции, охлаждения, освещения, энергосистем, систем противопожарной сигнализации и систем охраны.	
Код страны публикации:	RU