UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE (USPTO) OFFICE ACTION (OFFICIAL LETTER) ABOUT APPLICANT'S TRADEMARK APPLICATION

U.S. APPLICATION SERIAL NO. 79252811

MARK: TRENS

79252811

CORRESPONDENT ADDRESS:

AKK Advokátska kancelária Kubínyiová Piaristická 9 SK-911 01 Trencín SLOVAKIA CLICK HERE TO RESPOND TO THIS LETTER:

http://www.uspio.gov/trademarks/teas/response_forms.jsp

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APPLICANT: TRENS SK. a.s.

CORRESPONDENT'S REFERENCE/DOCKET NO: N/A
CORRESPONDENT E-MAIL ADDRESS:

OFFICE ACTION

STRICT DEADLINE TO RESPOND TO THIS LETTER

INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION NO. 1245159

STRICT DEADLINE TO RESPOND TO THIS NOTIFICATION: TO AVOID ABANDONMENT OF THE REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF PROTECTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION, THE USPTO MUST RECEIVE A COMPLETE RESPONSE TO THIS PROVISIONAL FULL REFUSAL NOTIFICATION WITHIN 6 MONTHS OF THE "DATE ON WHICH THE NOTIFICATION WAS SENT TO WIPO (MAILING DATE)" LOCATED ON THE WIPO COVER LETTER ACCOMPANYING THIS NOTIFICATION.

In addition to the Mailing Date appearing on the WIPO cover letter, a holder (hereafter "applicant") may confirm this Mailing Date using the USPTO's Trademark Status and Document Retrieval (TSDR) system at http://tsdr.uspto.gov/. To do so, enter the U.S. application serial number for this application and then select "Documents." The Mailing Date used to calculate the response deadline for this provisional full refusal is the "Create/Mail Date" of the "TB-1rst Refusal Note."

This is a **PROVISIONAL FULL REFUSAL** of the request for extension of protection of the mark in the above-referenced U.S. application. *See* 15 U.S.C. §1141h(c). See below in this notification (hereafter "Office action") for details regarding the provisional full refusal.

The referenced application has been reviewed by the assigned trademark examining attorney. Applicant must respond timely and completely to the issue(s) below. 15 U.S.C. §1062(b); 37 C.F.R. §§2.62(a), 2.65(a); TMEP §§711, 718.03.

Trademark Act Section 2(d) Refusal to Register – Likelihood of Confusion:

Registration of the applied-for mark is refused because of a likelihood of confusion with the mark(s) in the following U.S. Registration No(s). 2262374. Trademark Act Section 2(d), 15 U.S.C. §1052(d); see TMEP §§1207.01 et seq. See the enclosed registration(s).

Trademark Act Section 2(d) bars registration of an applied-for mark that so resembles a registered mark that it is likely that a potential consumer would be confused or mistaken or deceived as to the source of the goods and/or services of the applicant and registrant. See 15 U.S.C. §1052(d). The court in In re E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., 476 F.2d 1357, 177 USPQ 563 (C.C.P.A. 1973) listed the principal factors to be considered when determining whether there is a likelihood of confusion under Section 2(d). See TMEP §1207.01. However, not all of the factors are necessarily relevant or of equal weight, and any one factor may be dominant in a given case, depending upon the evidence of record. In re Majestic Distilling Co., 315 F.3d 1311, 1315, 65 USPQ2d 1201, 1204 (Fed. Cir. 2003); see In re E. I. du Pont, 476 F.2d at 1361-62, 177 USPQ at 567.

In this case, the following factors are the most relevant: similarity of the marks, similarity of the goods and/or services, and similarity of trade channels of the goods and/or services. See In re Opus One, Inc., 60 USPQ2d 1812 (TTAB 2001); In re Dakin's Miniatures Inc., 59 USPQ2d 1593 (TTAB 1999); In re Azteca Rest. Enters., Inc., 50 USPQ2d 1209 (TTAB 1999); TMEP §§1207.01 et seq.

Regarding the issue of likelihood of confusion, all circumstances surrounding the sale of the goods and/or services are considered. These circumstances include the marketing channels, the identity of the prospective purchasers, and the degree of similarity between the marks and between the goods and/or services. *See Inclus. Nucleonics Corp. v. Hinde*, 475 F.2d 1197, 177 USPQ 386 (C.C.P.A. 1973); TMEP §1207.01. In comparing the marks, similarity in any one of the elements of sound, appearance or meaning may be sufficient to find a likelihood of confusion. *In re White Swan Ltd.*, 8 USPQ2d 1534, 1535 (TTAB 1988); *In re Lamson Oil Co.*, 6 USPQ2d 1041, 1043 (TTAB 1987); *see* TMEP §1207.01(b). In comparing the goods and/or services, it is necessary to show that they are related in some manner. *See On-line Careline Inc. v. Am. Online Inc.*, 229 F.3d 1080, 1086, 56 USPQ2d 1471, 1475 (Fed. Cir. 2000); TMEP §1207.01(a)(vi).

The Marks are Similar:

In a likelihood of confusion determination, the marks are compared for similarities in their appearance, sound, meaning or connotation and commercial

impression. In re E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., 476 F.2d 1357, 1361, 177 USPQ 563, 567 (C.C.P.A. 1973); TMEP §1207.01(b). Similarity in any one of these elements may be sufficient to find a likelihood of confusion. In re White Swan Ltd., 8 USPQ2d 1534, 1535 (TTAB 1988); In re Lamson Oil Co., 6 USPQ2d 1041, 1043 (TTAB 1987); see TMEP §1207.01(b).

The marks are compared in their entireties under a Trademark Act Section 2(d) analysis. *See* TMEP §1207.01(b). Nevertheless, one feature of a mark may be recognized as more significant in creating a commercial impression. Greater weight is given to that dominant feature in determining whether there is a likelihood of confusion. *In re Nat'l Data Corp.*, 753 F.2d 1056, 224 USPQ 749 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *Tektronix, Inc. v. Daktronics, Inc.*, 534 F.2d 915, 189 USPQ 693 (C.C.P.A. 1976); *In re J.M. Originals Inc.*, 6 USPQ2d 1393 (TTAB 1987); *see* TMEP §1207.01(b)(viii), (c)(ii).

Marks may be confusingly similar in appearance where similar terms or phrases or similar parts of terms or phrases appear in the compared marks and create a similar overall commercial impression. See Crocker Nat'l Bank v. Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, 228 USPQ 689, 690-91 (TTAB 1986), aff'd sub nom. Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce v. Wells Fargo Bank, Nat'l Ass'n, 811 F.2d 1490, 1495, 1 USPQ2d 1813, 1817 (Fed. Cir. 1987) (finding COMMCASH and COMMUNICASH confusingly similar); In re Corning Glass Works, 229 USPQ 65, 66 (TTAB 1985) (finding CONFIRM and CONFIRMCELLS confusingly similar); In re Pellerin Milnor Corp., 221 USPQ 558, 560 (TTAB 1983) (finding MILTRON and MILLTRONICS confusingly similar); TMEP §1207.01(b)(ii)-(iii).

Here, the marks of applicant and registrant(s) are confusingly similar in appearance, sound, meaning and commercial impression. Applicant's proposed mark consists of the wording "TRENS" in standard characters. Registrants' mark is "TRENS" with a design element.

The identical wording is the dominant element of the registered mark, and the design element does not distinguish it. When evaluating a composite mark consisting of words and a design, the word portion is normally accorded greater weight because it is likely to make a greater impression upon purchasers, be remembered by them, and be used by them to refer to or request the goods and/or services. *In re Aquitaine Wine USA, LLC*, 126 USPQ2d 1181, 1184 (TTAB 2018) (citing *In re Viterra Inc.*, 671 F.3d 1358, 1362, 101 USPQ2d 1905, 1908 (Fed. Cir. 2012)); TMEP §1207.01(c)(ii). Thus, although marks must be compared in their entireties, the word portion is often considered the dominant feature and is accorded greater weight in determining whether marks are confusingly similar, even where the word portion has been disclaimed. *In re Viterra Inc.*, 671 F.3d at 1366-67, 101 USPQ2d at 1911 (citing *Giant Food, Inc. v. Nation's Foodservice, Inc.*, 710 F.2d 1565, 1570-71, 218 USPQ2d 390, 395 (Fed. Cir. 1983)). Thus, consumers are likely to focus on the identical wording in the marks and be confused as to source.

The Goods/Services are Related:

The goods and/or services of the parties need not be identical or directly competitive to find a likelihood of confusion. *See Safety-Kleen Corp. v. Dresser Indus., Inc.*, 518 F.2d 1399, 1404, 186 USPQ 476, 480 (C.C.P.A. 1975); TMEP §1207.01(a)(i). Rather, they need only be related in some manner, or the conditions surrounding their marketing are such that they would be encountered by the same purchasers under circumstances that would give rise to the mistaken belief that the goods and/or services come from a common source. *In re Total Quality Group, Inc.*, 51 USPQ2d 1474, 1476 (TTAB 1999); TMEP §1207.01(a)(i); *see, e.g., On-line Careline Inc. v. Am. Online Inc.*, 229 F.3d 1080, 1086-87, 56 USPQ2d 1471, 1475-76 (Fed. Cir. 2000); *In re Martin's Famous Pastry Shoppe, Inc.*, 748 F.2d 1565, 1566-68, 223 USPQ 1289, 1290 (Fed. Cir. 1984).

If the goods and/or services of the respective parties are "similar in kind and/or closely related," the degree of similarity between the marks required to support a finding of likelihood of confusion is not as great as would be required with diverse goods and/or services. *In re J.M. Originals Inc.*, 6 USPQ2d 1393, 1394 (TTAB 1987); *see Shen Mfg. Co. v. Ritz Hotel Ltd.*, 393 F.3d 1238, 1242, 73 USPQ2d 1350, 1354 (Fed. Cir. 2004); TMEP §1207.01(b).

Here, applicant's goods are:

International Class 7 – Machine tools; engine lathes (machine tools); parts and spare parts for engine lathes; vertical machining centers for metal working; CNC lathes

Registrant's goods are:

International Class 7 – Machine tools, namely, universal center lathes, universal center lathes of modular concept, numerically controlled universal center lathes, vertical machining centers, and single purpose machine tools, namely, lathes that perform only a single operation

With respect to applicant's and registrant's goods and/or services, the question of likelihood of confusion is determined based on the description of the goods and/or services stated in the application and registration at issue, not on extrinsic evidence of actual use. *See Stone Lion Capital Partners, LP v. Lion Capital LLP*, 746 F.3d 1317, 1323, 110 USPQ2d 1157, 1162 (Fed. Cir. 2014) (quoting *Octocom Sys. Inc. v. Hous. Computers Servs. Inc.*, 918 F.2d 937, 942, 16 USPQ2d 1783, 1787 (Fed. Cir. 1990)).

Absent restrictions in an application and/or registration, the identified goods and/or services are "presumed to travel in the same channels of trade to the same class of purchasers." *In re Viterra Inc.*, 671 F.3d 1358, 1362, 101 USPQ2d 1905, 1908 (Fed. Cir. 2012) (quoting *Hewlett-Packard Co. v. Packard Press, Inc.*, 281 F.3d 1261, 1268, 62 USPQ2d 1001, 1005 (Fed. Cir. 2002)). Additionally, unrestricted and broad identifications are presumed to encompass all goods and/or services of the type described. *See, e.g., Sw. Mgmt., Inc. v. Ocinomled, Ltd.*, 115 USPQ2d 1007, 1025 (TTAB 2015); *In re N.A.D., Inc.*, 57 USPQ2d 1872, 1874 (TTAB 2000).

In this case, the identification set forth in the application and registration(s) has no restrictions as to nature, type, channels of trade, or classes of purchasers. Therefore, it is presumed that these goods and/or services travel in all normal channels of trade, and are available to the same class of purchasers. Moreover, applicant's broad wording "MACHINE TOOLS" and "ENGINE LATHES" could include registrant's more specific wording and goods.

The attached copies of printouts from the USPTO's X-Search records further shows the relation between the goods and services. This evidence shows third-party registrations of marks used in connection with the same or similar goods and/or services as those of applicant and registrant(s) in this case, and they have probative value to the extent that they serve to suggest that the goods and/or services listed therein, namely, machining centers, lathes, machine tools and parts therefor, are of a kind that may emanate from a single source. *In re Infinity Broad. Corp.*, 60 USPQ2d 1214, 1217-18 (TTAB 2001); *In re Albert Trostel & Sons Co.*, 29 USPQ2d 1783, 1785-86 (TTAB 1993); *In re Mucky Duck Mustard Co.*, 6 USPQ2d 1467, 1470 n.6 (TTAB 1988); TMEP §1207.01(d)(iii). Thus, such goods and/or services are likely to travel in the same channels of trade, likely to be displayed to consumers under circumstances giving rise to a likelihood of confusion, and likely to be perceived as emanating from the same source.

Viewing all of the factors together, based on the similarity of the registered mark(s) to the proposed mark and the identical goods, confusion as to source is likely. Purchasers familiar with the mark(s) of the cited registration(s), upon seeing applicant's mark, would be likely to conclude that applicant's goods emanated from the same source, or that applicant's goods were associated with and/or sponsored by the registrant(s). Accordingly, registration is refused due to the likelihood of confusion.

Please note that the overriding concern is not only to prevent buyer confusion as to the source of the goods and/or services, but to protect the registrant(s) from adverse commercial impact due to use of a similar mark by a newcomer. *See In re Shell Oil Co.*, 992 F.2d 1204, 1208, 26 USPQ2d 1687, 1690 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Therefore, any doubt regarding a likelihood of confusion determination is resolved in favor of the registrant(s). TMEP §1207.01(d)(i); *see Hewlett-Packard Co. v. Packard Press, Inc.*, 281 F.3d 1261, 1265, 62 USPQ2d 1001, 1003 (Fed. Cir. 2002); *In re Hyper Shoppes (Ohio), Inc.*, 837 F.2d 463, 464-65, 6 USPQ2d 1025, 1025 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

Claiming Existing Registration:

If the mark in the cited registration is owned by applicant, applicant may provide evidence of ownership of the mark by satisfying one of the following:

- (1) Record the assignment with the USPTO's Assignment Recordation Branch (ownership transfer documents such as assignments can be filed online at http://etas.uspto.gov) and promptly notify the trademark examining attorney that the assignment has been duly recorded.
- (2) Submit copies of documents evidencing the chain of title.
- (3) Submit the following statement, verified with an affidavit or signed declaration under 37 C.F.R. §2.20: "Applicant is the owner of U.S. Registration No. 2262374." To provide this statement using the Trademark Electronic Application System (TEAS), use the "Response to Office Action" form; answer "yes" to wizard questions #3 and #10; then, continuing on to the next portion of the form, in the "Additional Statement(s)" section, find "Active Prior Registration(s)" and insert the U.S. registration numbers in the data fields; and follow the instructions within the form for signing. The form must be signed twice; a signature is required both in the "Declaration Signature" section and in the "Response Signature" section.

TMEP §812.01; see 15 U.S.C. §1060; 37 C.F.R. §§2.193(e)(1), 3.25, 3.73(a)-(b); TMEP §502.02(a).

Recording a document with the Assignment Recordation Branch does not constitute a response to an Office action. TMEP §503.01(d).

Responding to Refusal to Register:

Although applicant's mark has been refused registration, applicant may respond to the refusal(s) by submitting evidence and arguments in support of registration. If applicant responds to the refusal(s), applicant must also respond to the requirement(s) set forth below.

Applicant's Entity and Citizenship:

Applicant must specify its form of business or type of legal entity and its national citizenship or foreign country of organization or incorporation. *See* 37 C.F.R. §§2.32(a)(3)(i)-(ii), 7.25(a)-(b); TMEP §§803.03, 803.04, 1904.02(a). This information is required in all U.S. trademark applications, including those filed under Trademark Act Section 66(a) (also known as "requests for extension of protection of international registrations to the United States"). *See* 37 C.F.R. §§2.32(a)(3)(i)-(ii), 7.25(a)-(b); TMEP §§803.03, 803.04, 1904.02(a).

Acceptable entity types include an individual, a partnership, a corporation, a joint venture, or the foreign equivalent. See 37 C.F.R. §2.32(a)(3)(i)-(ii); TMEP §§803.03 et seq.

If applicant's entity type is an individual, applicant must indicate his or her national citizenship for the record. See 37 C.F.R. §2.32(a)(3)(i); TMEP §803.04. If applicant's entity type is a corporation, association, partnership, joint venture, or the foreign equivalent, applicant must set forth the foreign country under whose laws applicant is organized or incorporated. 37 C.F.R. §2.32(a)(3)(ii); TMEP §803.03(b)-(c), 803.04. For an association, applicant must also specify whether the association is incorporated or unincorporated, unless the foreign country and the designation or description "association/associazione" appear in Appendix D of the *Trademark Manual of Examining Procedure* (TMEP). TMEP §803.03(c).

If applicant is organized under the laws of a foreign province or geographical region, applicant should specify both the foreign province or geographical region and the foreign country in which the province or region is located. *See* TMEP §803.04. To provide this information online via the Trademark Electronic Application System (TEAS) response form, applicant must (1) locate the "Entity Type" heading and select "Other," (2) locate the "Specify Entity Type" heading and select "Other" under the Foreign Entity option, and enter in the free-text field below both applicant's entity type and the foreign province or geographical region of its organization (e.g., partnership of Victoria); and (3) locate the "State or Country Where Legally Organized" heading and select the appropriate foreign country (e.g., Australia) under the Non-U.S. Entity option. *See id.*

Identification:

The wording from the identification is indefinite and must be clarified, also containing some wording which could identify goods and/or services in multiple classes. See 37 C.F.R. §2.32(a)(6); TMEP §§1402.01 and 1402.03.

Specifically, applicant must indicate the purpose of its machine tools.

Applicant also must specify its part and spare parts by common name, or may indicate that they are structural and replacement parts for the goods.

Applicant must also clarify the meaning of the acronym CNC.

Finally, the identification of goods and/or services contains parentheses. Generally, applicants should *not* use parentheses and brackets in identifications in their applications so as to avoid confusion with the USPTO's practice of using parentheses and brackets in registrations to indicate goods and/or services that have been deleted from registrations or in an affidavit of incontestability to indicate goods and/or services not claimed. *See* TMEP §1402.12. The only exception is that parenthetical information is permitted in identifications in an application if it serves to explain or translate the matter immediately preceding the parenthetical phrase in such a way that it does not affect the clarity or scope of the identification, e.g., "fried tofu pieces (abura-age)." *Id.*

Therefore, applicant must remove the parentheses from the identification and incorporate any parenthetical or bracketed information into the description of the goods and/or services.

Applicant may adopt the following wording, if accurate:

International Class 7 – Machine tools for {indicate purpose or function, e.g., compacting powder materials, crushing rock, etc.}; machine tools in the nature of engine lathes; structural and replacement parts and structural and replacement spare parts for engine lathes; vertical machining centers for metal working; computer numerical control (CNC) lathes

For assistance with identifying and classifying goods and/or services in trademark applications, please see the USPTO's online searchable *U.S. Acceptable Identification of Goods and Services Manual* at http://tess2.uspto.gov/netatant/tiden.html. See TMEP §1402.04. Identifications of goods and/or services can be amended only to clarify or limit the goods and/or services; adding to or broadening the scope of the goods and/or services is not permitted. 37 C.F.R. §2.71(a); see TMEP §§1402.06 et seq., 1402.07. Therefore, applicant may not amend the identification to include goods and/or services that are not within the scope of the goods and/or services set forth in the present identification.

Please also note that the international classification of goods and/or services in applications filed under Trademark Act Section 66(a) cannot be changed from the classification the International Bureau assigned to the goods and/or services in the corresponding international registration. TMEP §§1401.03(d), 1904.02(b). Therefore, any modification to this wording must identify goods and/or services in International Class(es) 7, the classification(s) specified in the application for the goods and/or services listed above that applicant must clarify.

Response Guidelines (Full Refusal):

For this application to proceed toward registration, applicant must explicitly address each refusal and/or requirement raised in this Office action. If the action includes a refusal, applicant may provide arguments and/or evidence as to why the refusal should be withdrawn and the mark should register. Applicant may also have other options for responding to a refusal and should consider such options carefully. To respond to requirements and certain refusal response options, applicant should set forth in writing the required changes or statements.

If applicant does not respond to this Office action within six months of the date on which the USPTO sends this Office action to the International Bureau, or responds by expressly abandoning the application, the application process will end, the trademark will fail to register, and the application fee will not be refunded. *See* 15 U.S.C. §1062(b); 37 C.F.R. §§2.65(a), 2.68(a), 2.209(a); TMEP §§711, 718.01, 718.02. Where the application has been abandoned for failure to respond to an Office action, applicant's only option would be to file a timely petition to revive the application, which, if granted, would allow the application to return to active status. *See* 37 C.F.R. §2.66; TMEP §1714. There is a \$100 fee for such petitions. *See* 37 C.F.R. §\$2.6, 2.66(b)(1).

WHO IS PERMITTED TO RESPOND TO THIS PROVISIONAL FULL REFUSAL: Any response to this provisional refusal must be personally signed by an individual applicant, all joint applicants, or someone with legal authority to bind a juristic applicant (e.g., a corporate officer or general partner). 37 C.F.R. §§2.62(b), 2.193(e)(2)(ii); TMEP §712.01. If applicant hires a qualified U.S. attorney to respond on his or her behalf, then the attorney must sign the response. 37 C.F.R. §§2.193(e)(2)(i), 11.18(a); TMEP §§611.03(b), 712.01. Qualified U.S. attorneys include those in good standing with a bar of the highest court of any U.S. state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and other federal territories and possessions of the United States. See 37 C.F.R. §§2.17(a), 2.62(b), 11.1, 11.14(a); TMEP §§602, 712.01. Additionally, for all responses, the proper signatory must personally sign the document or personally enter his or her electronic signature on the electronic filing. See 37 C.F.R. §2.193(a); TMEP §§611.01(b), 611.02. The name of the signatory must also be printed or typed immediately below or adjacent to the signature, or identified elsewhere in the filing. 37 C.F.R. §2.193(d); TMEP §611.01(b).

In general, foreign attorneys are not permitted to represent applicants before the USPTO (e.g., file written communications, authorize an amendment to an application, or submit legal arguments in response to a requirement or refusal). See 37 C.F.R. §11.14(c), (e); TMEP §§602.03-.03(b), 608.01.

DESIGNATION OF DOMESTIC REPRESENTATIVE: The USPTO encourages applicants who do not reside in the United States to designate a domestic representative upon whom any notice or process may be served. TMEP §610; *see* 15 U.S.C. §§1051(e), 1141h(d); 37 C.F.R. §2.24(a) (1)-(2). Such designations may be filed online at http://www.uspto.cov/tradernatks/teas/correspondence.isp.

Foreign Applicant May Wish to Seek Trademark Counsel:

Because of the legal technicalities and strict deadlines involved in the USPTO application process, applicant may wish to hire a qualified U.S. attorney specializing in trademark matters to represent applicant in this process and provide legal advice. Although the undersigned trademark examining attorney is permitted to help an applicant understand the contents of an Office action as well as the applicant process in general, no USPTO attorney or staff is permitted to give an applicant legal advice or statements about an applicant's legal rights. TMEP §§705.02, 709.06. For attorney referral information, applicant may consult the American Bar Association's Consumers' Guide to Legal Help at http://www.abanet.org/legalservices/tindlegalselp/home.cfm. The USPTO may not assist an applicant in the selection of an attorney. 37 C.F.R. §2.11.

If applicant does not choose to retain local counsel with a phone number for communication, it is strongly recommended that applicant provide a phone number in its response so that the examiner can contact applicant directly if needed. Applicant should also provide convenient times for the examiner to call, taking into account any time differences between the United States and applicant's country. Providing this information will facilitate a faster resolution to any issues that may remain in the application after applicant's response.

Please call or email the assigned trademark examining attorney with questions about this Office action. Although the trademark examining attorney cannot provide legal advice or statements about applicant's rights, the trademark examining attorney can provide applicant with additional explanation about the refusal(s) and/or requirement(s) in this Office action. *See* TMEP §§705.02, 709.06. Although the USPTO does not accept emails as responses to Office actions, emails can be used for informal communications and will be included in the application record. *See* 37 C.F.R. §§2.62(c), 2.191; TMEP §§304.01-.02, 709.04-.05.

/James MacFarlane/ Examining Attorney Law Office 104 (571) 270-1512 (phone) (571) 270-2512 (fax) james.macfarlane@uspto.gov

TO RESPOND TO THIS LETTER: Go to http://www.uspto.gov/trademarks/teas/response_forms.jsp. Please wait 48-72 hours from the issue/mailing date before using the Trademark Electronic Application System (TEAS), to allow for necessary system updates of the application. For technical assistance with online forms, e-mail TEAS@uspto.gov. For questions about the Office action itself, please contact the assigned trademark examining attorney. E-mail communications will not be accepted as responses to Office actions; therefore, do not respond to this Office action by e-mail.

All informal e-mail communications relevant to this application will be placed in the official application record.

WHO MUST SIGN THE RESPONSE: It must be personally signed by an individual applicant or someone with legal authority to bind an applicant (i.e., a corporate officer, a general partner, all joint applicants). If an applicant is represented by an attorney, the attorney must sign the response.

PERIODICALLY CHECK THE STATUS OF THE APPLICATION: To ensure that applicant does not miss crucial deadlines or official notices, check the status of the application every three to four months using the Trademark Status and Document Retrieval (TSDR) system at http://isdr.uspio.ggv/. Please keep a copy of the TSDR status screen. If the status shows no change for more than six months, contact the Trademark Assistance Center by e-mail at Trademark Assistance Center@uspto.gov/ or call 1-800-786-9199. For more information on checking status, see http://www.uspto.gov/trademarks/process/status/.

TO UPDATE CORRESPONDENCE/E-MAIL ADDRESS: Use the TEAS form at https://www.uspto.gov/brademarks/teas/correspondence.jsp.

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

75400343

Status

REGISTERED AND RENEWED

Word Mark

TRENS

Standard Character Mark

No

Registration Number

2262374

Date Registered

1999/07/20

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(3) DESIGN PLUS WORDS, LETTERS AND/OR NUMBERS

Owner

TRENS, A.S. CORPORATION SLOVAKIA SUVOZ 1 TRENCIN, SLOVAK REPUBLIC SLOVAKIA

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Machine tools, namely, universal center lathes, universal center lathes of modular concept, numerically controlled universal center lathes, vertical machining centers, and single purpose machine tools, namely, lathes that perform only a single operation.

Foreign Country Name

SLOVAKIA

Foreign Priority

FOREIGN PRIORITY CLAIMED

Foreign Application Number

2250.97

Foreign Filing Date

1997/08/06

Print: Mar 20, 2019 75400343

Foreign Registration Number 181133

Foreign Registration Date 1998/06/16

Foreign Expiration Date 2007/08/06

Filing Date 1997/12/04

Examining Attorney ODONOVICH, ANITA

Attorney of Record

ANTHONY P VENTURINO



DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

75727902

Status

REGISTERED AND RENEWED

Word Mark

TAKISAWA

Standard Character Mark

No

Registration Number

2408092

Date Registered

2000/11/28

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(1) TYPED DRAWING

Owner

Takisawa Machine Tool Co., Ltd. CORPORATION JAPAN 983 Natsukawa Okayama JAPAN 701-01

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: MACHINE TOOLS, NAMELY, LATHES, COMPUTER NUMERICAL CONTROL LATHES, GANTRY LOADERS, DRILLING MACHINES, MILLING MACHINES, CENTERING MACHINES, THREAD-CUTTING MACHINES, GRINDING MACHINES, DRILLING CENTERS, MACHINING CENTERS, COMPUTER NUMERICAL CONTROL TURNING CENTERS, PISTON TURNING CENTERS, BROACHING MACHINES, IN-STOCKERS, CONVEYERS AND PARTS THEREOF, AS WELL AS FACTORY AUTOMATION SYSTEMS CONSISTING OF THE FOREGOING GOODS. First Use: 1922/08/00. First Use In Commerce: 1979/07/06.

Translation Statement

The English translation of the Japanese term "Takisawa" is "waterfall marsh".

Filing Date

1999/06/14

Examining Attorney PAPPAS, MATTHEW

Attorney of Record Sayaka Kawakami

TAKISAWA

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

77111956

Status

REGISTERED AND RENEWED

Word Mark

MIYANO

Standard Character Mark

Yes

Registration Number

3328718

Date Registered

2007/11/06

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK

Owner

CITIZEN TOKEI KABUSHIKI KAISHA TA CITIZEN WATCH CO., LTD. CORPORATION JAPAN 1-12, 6-CHOME, TANASHI-CHO, NISHI-TOKYO-SHI, TOKYO JAPAN

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Machines and machine tools, namely, turning centers, lathes, vertical machining centers and all parts therefor. First Use: 1975/01/09. First Use In Commerce: 1975/01/09.

Prior Registration(s)

1217317;1473925;1527809

Filing Date

2007/02/20

Examining Attorney

CARTY, GEORGIA

Attorney of Record

Mark B, Harrison,

MIYANO

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

77636810

Status

SECTION 8 & 15-ACCEPTED AND ACKNOWLEDGED

Word Mark

MATECH

Standard Character Mark

No

Registration Number

3730706

Date Registered

2009/12/29

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(5) WORDS, LETTERS, AND/OR NUMBERS IN STYLIZED FORM

Owner

Matech Industrial Co., Ltd. CORPORATION TAIWAN No.16, 9th Rd, Taichung Industrial Park Taichung City TAIWAN

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Boring machines; Cutting machines; Grinding machines; High frequency motor spindles with high frequency electric converters and power supply units; Internal grinding machines; Lathes; Machine tool holders; Machines and lines composed thereof for the production of automobile parts, parts for the aforementioned machines, particularly foaming lines, die-cutting machines, molding presses, scoring machines, laminating machines, water jet cutting machines, milling machines, long fiber injection machines, parts for the aforementioned machines, particularly foaming tools, die-casting tools, die-cutting tools, molding tools, laminating tools; Metal working machines, namely, machining centers; Metalworking machine tools. First Use: 1977/09/01. First Use In Commerce: 1990/09/01.

Description of Mark

The mark consists of the stylized wording "MATECH", with the letter "M" appearing in the color red, and the remaining letters appearing in

Print: Mar 20, 2019 77636810

the color green.

Colors Claimed

The color(s) red and green is/are claimed as a feature of the mark.

Filing Date 2008/12/19

Examining Attorney SPRUILL, DARRYL

Attorney of Record Charles E. Baxley

ATECH

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

85475040

Status

SECTION 8 & 15-ACCEPTED AND ACKNOWLEDGED

Registration Number

4274284

Date Registered

2013/01/15

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(2) DESIGN ONLY

Owner

WEI, Wu-Hsiung INDIVIDUAL TAIWAN No. 26, Lane 131 Sanhe Road, Shengang District Taichung City TAIWAN

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Metal working machines; machine tool holders; chucks for power drills; servo drive turrets for motors; rotary grinding machines; CNC tilting rotary tables for the purpose of metal cutting; CNC manual tilting rotary grinding machines, rotary brushes, and rotary pumps; gears for machines; gear lever knobs for machines; machine parts, namely, gear drives; transmission gears for machines; metal working machines, namely, machining centers; boring machines; milling machines; lathes. First Use: 1996/07/24. First Use In Commerce: 2011/05/19.

Description of Mark

The mark consists of the Chinese characters "TAN" and "XING".

Colors Claimed

Color is not claimed as a feature of the mark.

Transliteration Statement

The non-Latin characters in the mark transliterate to "TAN" and "XING" and this has no meaning in a foreign language.

Filing Date

2011/11/17

Print: Mar 20, 2019 85475040

Examining Attorney DIXON, JENNIFER

Attorney of Record
Jordan A. LaVine

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通人

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

85825371

Status

REGISTERED

Word Mark

UMNIONMT

Standard Character Mark

No

Registration Number

4629263

Date Registered

2014/10/28

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(5) WORDS, LETTERS, AND/OR NUMBERS IN STYLIZED FORM

Owner

UNION MECHATRONIC INC. CORPORATION TAIWAN 13F.-9, NO 77, SHIZHENG NORTH 1ST RD. XITUN DIST. TAICHUNG CITY 40756 TAIWAN

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Axles for machines; Bearings for transmission shafts, being parts of machines; Computer controlled lathes; Computer-controlled, power-operated machine tool for abrasive jet cutting and machining; Cutting machines; Drives for machines; Gear cutters; Gearboxes other than for land vehicles; Gears for machines; Grinding and polishing machines; Grinding machines; Industrial robots; Lathes; Machine tools, namely, clamps for use in the precision clamping of work pieces; Metal working machines, namely, machining centers; Metalworking machine tools; Milling machines; Shaft couplings for machines; Shaft couplings, not for land vehicles; Transmission gears for machines. First Use: 2014/05/13. First Use In Commerce: 2014/05/13.

Description of Mark

The mark consists of the word "UMnionMT" with the first "M" in a much smaller font size and placed above the right arm of the letter "U", with the last two letters "MT" shown in italic font.

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Colors Claimed

Color is not claimed as a feature of the mark.

Filing Date 2013/01/17

Examining Attorney EVANKO, PATRICIA

Attorney of Record Alan D. Kamrath

MnonMT

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

86143318

Status

REGISTERED

Word Mark

HAAS

Standard Character Mark

Yes

Registration Number

4583627

Date Registered

2014/08/12

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK: SERVICE MARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK

Owner

Haas Automation, Inc. CORPORATION CALIFORNIA 2800 Sturgis Road Oxnard CALIFORNIA 93030

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Machine tools and power tools, all equipped with computerized numerical controls, namely, machining centers, drilling and milling machines, horizontal drilling machines, horizontal milling machines, vertical drilling machines, vertical milling machines, lathes, indexers, rotary tables, vertical machining centers, horizontal machining centers, routers, mold making machines, bar feeder, and material handling machines, namely, pallet changers. First Use: 1983/07/07. First Use In Commerce: 1983/07/07.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 037. US 100 103 106. G & S: Repair, maintenance, and installation of CNC machines; technical support, namely, troubleshooting in the nature of repair of CNC machines and technical advice related to the repair of CNC machines. First Use: 1998/03/01. First Use In Commerce: 1998/03/01.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 035. US 100 101 102. G & S: Distributorships in the field of CNC machines and CNC parts.; Online retail store services featuring CNC machine parts. First Use: 1998/03/01. First Use In Commerce: 1998/03/01.

Prior Registration(s)

2573776;3533101;AND OTHERS

Section 2f Statement

2(F) ENTIRE MARK

Filing Date

2013/12/13

Examining Attorney

FICKES, JERI J.

Attorney of Record

Marina L. Lang

HAAS

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

86245625

Status

CANCELLATION PENDING

Word Mark

HARTFORD

Standard Character Mark

Yes

Registration Number

4632409

Date Registered

2014/11/04

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK

Owner

Mighty Enterprises, Inc. DBA Mighty U.S.A., Inc. CORPORATION CALIFORNIA www.mightyviper.com 19706 S. Normandie Avenue Torrance CALIFORNIA 90502

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Drilling machines; Grinding machines; Lathes; Lathes; Machine tools, namely, powered machines for cutting or shaping or finishing metals or other materials; Metal working machines; Metal working machines, namely, machining centers; Metalworking machine tools; Milling cutters; Milling cutters for milling machines; Milling machines; Milling machines. First Use: 2004/02/01. First Use In Commerce: 2004/02/01.

Filing Date

2014/04/08

Examining Attorney

CHISOLM, KEVON

Attorney of Record

BILL W LEW

Hartford

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

86420100

Status

REGISTERED

Word Mark

ENPOINT

Standard Character Mark

Yes

Registration Number

4743584

Date Registered

2015/05/26

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK

Owner

Li Waisen INDIVIDUAL CHINA No.129, Minzhu Road, Hexi Street, Huazhou, Guangdong, CHINA

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Bits for power drills; Chucks for power drills; Computer-controlled, power-operated machine tool for abrasive jet cutting and machining; Cutting machines; Drill chucks for power drills; Electric drills; Electric hand-held drills; Electric knives; Electric screwdrivers; Engraving machines; Felt milling machines; Gear cutters; Hand-held battery actuated hydraulic crimp tool; Lathes; Machine parts, namely, blades; Machines and machine tools for the cutting and forming of materials; Metalworking machines, namely, machining centers; Milling cutters; Milling machines; Power operated metalworking machine tools, namely, turning tools; Power tools, namely, drill presses; Thread milling cutters. First Use: 2013/08/10. First Use In Commerce: 2014/05/10.

Filing Date

2014/10/10

Examining Attorney WATSON, JULIE

EnPoint

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

86666271

Status

REGISTERED

Word Mark

ATS

Standard Character Mark

No

Registration Number

5161851

Date Registered

2017/03/14

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK; SERVICE MARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(3) DESIGN PLUS WORDS, LETTERS AND/OR NUMBERS

Owner

ATS Automation Tooling Systems Inc. CORPORATION CANADA 730 Fountain Street, Building 2 Cambridge, Ontario CANADA N3H4R7

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. & S: Automated manufacturing systems, namely, material handling machines, namely, palletizers, case elevators, automatic pallet dispensing machines and automatic slip sheet dispensing machines, machines for assembly, namely, part assembly machines for medical devices, healthcare products, automotive parts and components, parts and components for transportation vehicles, electronic devices, industrial products, consumer products; packaging machines; automation systems and equipment, namely, mechanical devices used to automatically convey, grip, orient, manipulate, or alter materials or products as part of automated processes, namely, conveyors, grippers, industrial robots, molds, dies, work holding fixtures for machining applications; material handling equipment, namely, conveyors; industrial robots; machine tools for gripping, conveying, orienting, manipulating, or altering materials or products as part of automated processes; packaging systems, namely, machines for the handling and packaging of products; food packaging systems, namely, machines for

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the sanitary handling and packaging of food products; pharmaceutical, medical, and healthcare product assembly and packaging systems, namely, automated machines for handling, assembly, packaging of pharmaceutical, medical, and healthcare products; robotic manufacturing systems, namely, industrial robotics for use in the manufacture, assembly, handling and packaging of printed circuit boards, motors, relays, food items, pharmaceuticals, medical apparatus, metal parts and plastic parts; metal working machines, namely, machining centers and multi-station computer numerical control (CNC) machining centers; automated machines for use in assembling microelectronics and photonic equipment; vision-quided assembly machines for use in assembling microelectronics and photonic equipment; automated multi-station machining centers; multi-axis robots for industrial use; conveyors, pallets as parts of conveyor systems, and conveyor parts, namely, belts for conveyors, transmission shafts other than for land vehicles, pulleys, bearings, linear motors, magnets, pallet wheels and rollers, conveyor rails, conveyor tracks, encoder strips, encoder readers; manufacturing systems, namely, industrial automation machinery for use in the manufacture, assembly, handling and packaging of goods; parts assembly machines, namely, machines for assembly of electro-mechanical products and printed circuit boards; electronic components placements machines; semi-conductor manufacturing machines; printed circuit board handling machines; motor assembly machines; relay assembly machines; forging molds; dies for use with machine tools; work holding fixtures for machining applications; machine tools for conveying, gripping, orienting, manipulating, or altering materials or products as part of automated processes; machine tools, namely, machining centers, jig drills, articulate spindle drills, jaws, clamps and vices for use in the precision clamping of work pieces, lathes, gear cutters, broaches, chasers; motors other than for land vehicles; machine coupling and transmission components other than for land vehicles. First Use: 1991/12/00. First Use In Commerce: 1991/12/00.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 009. US 021 023 026 036 038. G & S: Automation systems and equipment, namely, mechanical and electronic devices used to automatically locate, alter, inspect, test or sense materials or products as part of automated processes; transponder location systems; circuit testers; electronic sensors for vision, sound, weight, pressure, temperature; computerized vision systems hardware; computer software in the field of automation systems, namely, vision systems, production planning software, automation software, machine control software; factory automation software, namely, software to integrate manufacturing machine operations, track problems and generate production reports; computer software in the field of data integration. First Use: 1991/12/00. First Use In Commerce: 1991/12/00.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 035. US 100 101 102. G & S: Business

consulting services relating to automated production systems; business consultancy services relating to manufacturing. First Use: 1991/12/00. First Use In Commerce: 1991/12/00.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 037. US 100 103 106. G & S: Installation, maintenance, and repair of industrial automation and manufacturing systems; maintenance and repair of manufacturing machines and apparatus. First Use: 1991/12/00. First Use In Commerce: 1991/12/00.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 041. US 100 101 107. G & S: Training services in the field of automated manufacturing and production systems and consultation related thereto; training in the use and operation of material handling machines, packaging machines, part assembly machines, industrial robots, machine tools, computerized vision systems and consultation relating. First Use: 2002/11/30. First Use In Commerce: 2002/11/30.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 042. US 100 101. G & S: Design of automation and manufacturing systems, namely, industrial automation machinery for use in the manufacture, assembly, handling and packaging of goods for others, and consultation related thereto; installation of automation and manufacturing software; maintenance of automation and manufacturing software; analysis, and evaluation of automation and manufacturing systems to assure compliance with industry standards, reliability, upgrade potential, feasibility and safety; consulting regarding the design and development of automation and manufacturing systems; technological services, namely, research in the field of computerized automation of industrial processes; design of manufacturing methods for others; technological services, namely, research in the field of manufacturing machinery; providing temporary use of a web-based software application for the management, monitoring, and integration of manufacturing data; computer services, namely, providing web servers to third party computing and data storage facilities for the management, monitoring, and integration of manufacturing data. First Use: 2002/11/30. First Use In Commerce: 2002/11/30.

Description of Mark

The mark consists of the letters "ATS" outlined and stylized to appear three dimensional with three parallelograms placed below the letters and three parallelograms placed above the letters.

Colors Claimed

Color is not claimed as a feature of the mark.

Filing Date

2015/06/17

Print: Mar 20, 2019 86666271

Examining Attorney FOSDICK, GEOFFREY

Attorney of Record Mark D. Alleman



DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

87074321

Status

REGISTERED

Word Mark

HAAS

Standard Character Mark

No

Registration Number

5221352

Date Registered

2017/06/13

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK: SERVICE MARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(5) WORDS, LETTERS, AND/OR NUMBERS IN STYLIZED FORM

Owner

Haas Automation, Inc. CORPORATION CALIFORNIA 2800 Sturgis Road Oxnard CALIFORNIA 93030

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Automotive power tools, namely, power jacks, spark plugs; automobile filters, namely, oil filters, fuel filters, air filters for vehicle motors and engines; exhaust system kits for automobiles comprised of engine mufflers, engine exhaust tips, automotive exhaust pipes, clamps, tubing and catalytic converters; Machine tools and power tools, all equipped with computerized numerical controls, namely, machining centers, drilling and milling machines, horizontal drilling machines, vertical drilling machines, vertical drilling machines, lathes, indexers, rotary tables, vertical machining centers, horizontal machining centers, routers, mold making machines, bar feeder, and material handling machines, namely, pallet changers. First Use: 1983/07/00. First Use In Commerce: 1983/07/00.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 025. US 022 039. G & S: Clothing,

87074321

namely, shirts, pants, headwear, clothing belts, head bands, wrist bands, leather jackets, leather caps, beverage loop shorts, cloth bibs, boxer shorts, button down collar shirts, crew neck shirts, fashion shirts, golf shirts, infant shirts, jerseys, neckties, sport shirts, polo shirts, pullover shirts, rugby shirts, shoes, footwear, sport shorts, shorts, socks, gripper socks, hosiery, sunsuits, dresses, skirts, sweaters, long pants, sweatpants, sweatshirts, sweatsuits, warm-up suits, T-shirts, tank tops, tank top dresses, bathing suits, toboggan-type knit caps, trousers, turtleneck shirts, visors, jackets, coats, hats, caps, gloves, scarves, bandanas, wind-resistant suits, raincoats, ponchos, pajamas, night shirts, nightgowns and robes; masquerade costumes, namely, replica driver suits, replica driver helmets and baseball uniforms; infant wear, infant sleepwear, and cloth baby bibs. First Use: 1984/00/00. First Use In Commerce: 1984/00/00.

Goods/Services

Print: Mar 20, 2019

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 035. US 100 101 102. G & S: Advertising services, namely, providing advertising space on an automobile participating in automobile racing events and exhibitions; promotional sponsorship of racing events; Distributorships in the field of CNC machines and CNC parts.; Online retail store services featuring CNC machines and CNC parts. First Use: 1983/07/00. First Use In Commerce: 1983/07/00.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 037. US 100 103 106. G & S: Repair, maintenance and installation of CNC machines; technical support, namely, troubleshooting in the nature of repair of CNC machines and technical advice related to the repair of CNC machines. First Use: 1983/07/00. First Use In Commerce: 1983/07/00.

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 041. US 100 101 107. G & S: Training and seminars in the use and operation of CNC machines; Entertainment services in the nature of participating in professional automobile races and automobile racing exhibitions; production and distribution of ongoing television programs in the field of automobile racing; providing ongoing television programs in the field of automobile racing; providing a website featuring information regarding automobile racing; Entertainment services in the nature of automobile racing and exhibitions. First Use: 1988/00/00. First Use In Commerce: 1997/00/00.

Description of Mark

The mark consists of the wording "HAAS" in stylized letters.

Colors Claimed

Color is not claimed as a feature of the mark.

Section 2f Statement

2(F) ENTIRE MARK

Filing Date 2016/06/16

Examining Attorney ORTIGA, RAMONA

Attorney of Record Marina L. Lang

DESIGN MARK

Serial Number

87466522

Status

REGISTERED

Word Mark

FTT

Standard Character Mark

No

Registration Number

5364672

Date Registered

2017/12/26

Type of Mark

TRADEMARK

Register

PRINCIPAL

Mark Drawing Code

(3) DESIGN PLUS WORDS, LETTERS AND/OR NUMBERS

Owner

Wenling Yizhan Machinery Co., Ltd. LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY CHINA Qiaoyangxia Village, Wenjiao Town, Wenling CHINA

Goods/Services

Class Status -- ACTIVE. IC 007. US 013 019 021 023 031 034 035. G & S: Drill chucks for power drills; Lathes; Machine tool holders; Metalworking machines, namely, machining centers; Milling machines; Sharpening machines; Stropping machines; Threading machines; Bits for power drills; Electric knife sharpeners; Machine parts, namely, blades; Metalworking machine tools; Power drill bits. First Use: 2017/05/22. First Use In Commerce: 2017/05/22.

Description of Mark

The mark consists of a design that looks like a dragon with a long tail stretching out to its right, on which standing the stylized wording "FTT".

Colors Claimed

Color is not claimed as a feature of the mark.

Filing Date

2017/05/26

Examining Attorney AIKENS, RONALD

BE FITTE