MADRID PROTOCOL

Model Form 3A: <u>Total</u> Provisional Refusal of Protection (Rule 17(1) of the Common Regulations)

l.	Office making the notification:			
National Intellectual Property Centre of Georgia SAKPATENTI Address: 5, Antioch Str., 3300 Mtskheta, Georgia				
Email: info@sakpatenti.org.ge				
www.sakpatenti.org.ge				
II.	Number of the international registration: 1406563			
III.	Name of the holder: LANDTOURER AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD; No. 1 Yuanquan Road,			
Shangrao Economic & Technological, Development Zone, Jiangxi Province, China				
IV.	Information concerning the type of provisional refusal:			
	Please indicate the type of refusal by checking only one of the following options:			
		Total provisional refusal based on an ex officio examination		
	\boxtimes	Total provisional refusal based on an opposition		
		Total provisional refusal based on both an <i>ex officio</i> examination and an opposition		
		Where the refusal is based on an opposition, please indicate the name and addres ne opponent:		
	(i)	Name of the opponent: 1. FCA GROUP MARKETING S.P.A. 2. Ferrari S.p.A.		
	(ii)	Address of the opponent:		
		1. Via Nizza, 250, I-10126 TORINO, Italy		
		2. Via Emilia Est 1163, 41122 Modena, Italy		
V.	Infor	nformation concerning the scope of the provisional refusal:		
	Total provisional refusal affects all the goods and/or services.			
VI.	Grounds for refusal [(where applicable, see item VII)]:			

Within three months period following the publication of the trademark data in the bulletin (25/03/2018) in accordance with the Rule 18bis (1), the oppositions were filed on 25/06/2019 by "FCA GROUP MARKETING S.P.A." and "Ferrari S.p.A.", in respect of all claimed goods. The appellants claims that 1) the trademark is similar and liable to be confused with the international trademark "FIAT" and design registered 08/01/2007 under the number 916080 for the goods in class 12; 2) the trademark is identical or similar to a trademark well known in Georgia, existing before filing the application, so that there is a risk of confusion with it, including confusion based on association; this rule shall apply even where the lists of goods are different;

- VII. Information relating to an earlier mark:
 - (i) Filing date and number, and, if any, priority date: 1. 11/10/2012, 69222/3
 - (ii) Registration date and number (if available): 1. 08/01/2007, 916080
 - (iii) Name and address of the owner:
 - 1. FCA GROUP MARKETING S.P.A.

Via Nizza, 250, I-10126 TORINO, Italy

2. Ferrari S.p.A.

Via Emilia Est 1163, 41122 Modena, Italy

(iv) Reproduction of the mark:





- (v) List of the relevant goods and/or services (this list may be in the language of the earlier application or registration):
- 9 Scientific, nautical, surveying, photographic, cinematographic, optical, weighing, measuring, signalling, checking (supervision), life-saving and teaching apparatus and instruments; apparatus and instruments for conducting, switching, transforming, accumulating, regulating or controlling electricity; apparatus for recording, transmission or reproduction of sound or images; magnetic data carriers, recording discs; compact discs, DVDs and other digital; navigation apparatus for vehicles in the nature of on-board computers, personal computer, notebook computers, laptop computers, tablet computer, microprocessors, scanners, word processors, computer docking stations, blank magnetic computer discs, electronic pocket personal digital assistants, printers for use with computers, computer electronic amusement apparatus, namely video output game machines for use with external display screen or monitor, computer keyboards, electronic pocket calculators, electronic pocket translators, computer mouse pads, computer mouse, electronic agendas, digital cameras, mobile phones, palmtop, blank USB flash drives, holders and bags for personal computer, mobile phones, tablet computer and USB flash drives, spectacles, sunglasses, spectacle glasses, eyeglasses, frames for spectacles and sunglasses, lenses for spectacles and sunglasses, contact lenses, pince-nez, eyeglass chains and cords, cases for eyeglasses and sunglasses, protective glasses, protective helmets.

- 12 Vehicles; automobiles, sport cars, sport utility vehicles, bicycles, motorcycles, motors and engines and structural parts thereof; apparatus for locomotion by land, air or water.
- 18 Leather and imitation of leather; leather key cases, bags, attaché cases, briefcases, leather suit bags, handbags, travelling bags, athletic bags, all purpose sport bags, key cases, vanity cases sold empty, wallets, purses, business and greeting card holders and document cases all of leather and imitation of leather, animal skins and hides, trunks and suitcases, umbrellas, parasols and walking sticks, whips, harness and saddlery, luggage tags, tote bags.
- 25 Clothing, leather coats, leather jackets, leather trousers, leather skirts, leather tops, leather raincoats, leather long coats, leather overcoats, leather belts, leather braces for clothing, belts, suits, padded jackets, jackets, stuff jackets, jumpers, trousers, jeans, skirts, dresses, coats, overcoats, cloaks, raincoats, parkas, pullovers, shirts, T-shirts, blouses, sweaters, underwear, baby-dolls being nightwear, bathrobes, bathing costumes, negligee, swim suits, dressing gowns, nightgowns, one-piece dresses, two-piece dresses, evening dresses, shawls, scarves, lies, neckties, gentlemen suits, women's clothing, child clothing, dress shirts, aloha shirts, sweat shirts, under shirts, polo shirts, body suits, blazers, shorts, sport shirts; footwear, shoes, athletic shoes, slippers, overshoes, low heel shoes, leather shoes, rubber shoes, galoshes, golf shoes, wooden clog, angler shoes, basketball shoes, dress shoes, heels, hiking shoes, rugby shoes, boxing shoes, base ball shoes, vinyl shoes, beach shoes, inner soles, soles for footwear, footwear upper, heelpieces for shoes and boots, non-slipping pieces for shoes and boots, tips for footwear, rain shoes, track-racing shoes, work shoes, straw shoes, gymnastic shoes, boots, ski boots, half boots, arctic boots, football boots, laced boots, field hockey shoes, hand ball shoes, esparto shoes or sandals, sandals, bath sandals; gloves, gloves for protection against cold, leather gloves, mittens; headgear, hats and caps, visor (headgear), leather hats and caps.
- VIII. Corresponding essential provisions of the applicable law: Article 5 (c), Article 5 (d), Article 16.
- IX. Information relating to the possibility to request a review or file an appeal:
 - (i) Time limit for requesting review or appeal:

A response to the opposition can be filed at SAKPATENTI Chamber of Appeals no later than 2 months from the date of publication of the current notification in the WIPO Gazette of International Marks. If no response is filed within 2 months Chamber of Appeals will proceed to issue decision on the case in the WIPO Gazette of International Marks.

(ii) Authority to which such request for review or appeal should be made:

A response to the opposition shall be filed at SAKPATENTI Chamber of Appeals.

(iii) Whether the request for review or appeal has to be filed in a specific language and/or through the intermediary of a representative whose address is within the territory of the Contracting Party:

Be informed that proceedings in Georgia are carried out in the Georgian language. A response to the opposition may be filed through the representative with a registered address in Georgia or a patent attorney of Georgia.

(iv) Other requirements, if any:

Χ.	K. Signature or official seal of the Office making the notification:			
	Head of Department	Irakli Kasradze		
XI.	Date of the notification to the International Burea	au: 27.06.2019		

XII. Extract from the Trademark Law of Georgia

Article 3. TRADEMARK

- 1. A trademark is a sign or combination of signs that can be represented graphically and is capable of distinguishing the goods or services or both (hereinafter referred to as "goods") of one undertaking from those of other undertakings.
- 2. The sign may be a word or words, including proper names, letters, figures, sounds, a design or a three-dimensional figure, including the shape of goods or their wrapping and also other packaging, including colors or combination of colors.
- 3. The trademark is protected by registration at «Sakpatenti» or by virtue of international agreement.
- 4. Well-known trademarks in Georgia are protected without registration, under Article 6^{bis} of the Paris

Convention. The trademark is recognized as well-known by the Chamber of Appeals of «Sakpatenti» or by the court, in its competence, upon the request of an interested person.

Article 4. ABSOLUTE GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL OF REGISTRATION

- 1. A sign, or combination of signs shall not be registered as a trademark where it:
- (a) does not comply with the requirements of Article 3 (1) of this Law;
- (b) represents a single non-stylized (standard) letter or figure, or a single colour taken separately;
- (c) is not capable of distinguishing the relevant goods;
- (d) is descriptive in respect of the goods for which its registration is requested, consists exclusively of the kind, quality, quantity, feature, value, intended purpose, geographical origin, place of sale, time or other characteristics of the goods or can be regarded as such;
- (e) is widely used as a generic term for the particular type of goods;
- (f) represents a widely established trade term or sign, characteristic of goods, for which registration is sought;
- (g) insults or is contrary to national dignity, religious sentiment and traditions and moral standards;
- (h) is likely to deceive the public (as to the feature, quality, geographical origin or other characteristics of the goods);
- (i) completely or in any of its constituent elements coincides with the national emblems or the flags, emblem or full or abbreviated names of foreign states; the emblems of intergovernmental or other international organizations or their abbreviated or full names; official control, warranty and test hallmarks, signs (including certification marks of goods) seals, orders and medals; the official or historical names, emblems and State flags of the constituent parts of Georgia; the banknotes of Georgia or the imitation of the forgoing; such a sign may be included in a trademark, as a feature not qualifying for protection, if the permission of the Ministry of Culture or the holder has been obtained.
- 2. A three-dimensional sign shall not be registered as a trademark, where its shape:
- (a) is established exclusively by the nature of the goods;
- (b) is necessary for a technical result to be achieved.
- 3. The provisions of paragraph 1(c), (d), (e), (f), and (h) above shall not apply if, before a decision is taken on its registration, a trademark has become distinctive through use in the course of trade in relation to the goods specified in the application.

Article 5. RELATIVE GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL OF REGISTRATION

A trademark shall not be registered if it:

- (a) is identical to another trademark registered for the same goods;
- (b) is identical to the trademark of a third party and the goods are so similar as to create a risk of confusion between the marks, including confusion based on association;
- (c) is similar to the trademark of a third party and the goods are identical or so similar as to create a risk of confusion between the marks, including confusion based on association;
- (d) is identical or similar to a trademark well known in Georgia, existing before filing the application, so that there is a risk of confusion with it, including confusion based on association; this rule shall apply even where the lists of goods are different;
- (e) is identical or so similar to an appellation of origin or geographical indication protected in Georgia that there is a risk of confusion with it, including confusion based on association and the registration of trademark is requested for the identical or similar goods, or using such a trademark will result in using the reputation of the protected appellation of origin or geographical indication. This provision shall not apply if an appellation of origin or geographical indication is involved as a feature not qualifying for protection in the trademark of a person entitled to use it.
- (f) is identical to an industrial design protected in Georgia except where registration of the trademark is sought by the holder of the exclusive rights in the industrial design;
- (g) is identical or similar to registered trademark a third party enjoying good reputation in Georgia, and if the use of that trademark creates unfair advantages for its applicant or damages the reputation of the protected trademark; this rule shall apply where there are different lists of goods;

- (h) includes names, pseudonyms, facsimiles, portraits of persons famous in Georgia without the consent of these persons or their legatees, and if they belong to the history and culture of Georgia without the permission of the Ministry of Culture, Monuments Protection and Sport of Georgia;
- (i) includes the names of historical monuments of Georgia or of reproductions thereof without the permission of the Ministry of Culture, Monuments Protection and Sport of Georgia.

Article 16. OPPOSITION TO THE EXAMINATION DECISION AT THE CHAMBER OF APPEALS

- 1. The decision of the examination as to form may be opposed by the applicant before the Chamber of Appeals within three months after having been taken.
- 2. A decision of the substantive examination to refuse the registration of the trademark in respect of all or part of the list of goods may be opposed by the applicant before the Chamber of Appeals within three months after having been taken.
- 3. Repealed (20.12.2005 № 2380 is in force from March 1, 2006)
- 4. Within three months from the date of publication of the trademark data in the Bulletin, any party concerned has the right to bring an action before the Chamber of Appeals against the decision of the examination to grant registration only on the grounds that the requirements of Article 4 or Article 5 is violated. The enacted decision of the court concerning the trademark registration t is not allowed to be appealed at the Chamber of Appeals on the same grounds.
- 5. The Chamber of Appeals shall consider the appeal within three months from the date of its filing.
- 6. The decision of the Chamber of Appeals may be appealed in a court.

ARTICLE 32. REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE USE OF COLLECTIVE MARKS

- 1. An application for a collective mark shall comply with the requirements of Article 9 and be accompanied by the regulations governing the use of the collective mark.
- 2. The regulations governing the use of the collective mark shall include:
- (a) the name of the association;
- (b) the names and legal addresses of the members of the association;
- (c) the aim of the association;
- (d) the conditions governing the use of the collective mark and overseeing that use;
- (e) the rights and obligations of the members of the association regarding infringement of the rights in the collective mark;
- (f) a list of the goods and common characteristics or indications for which the collective mark is intended.
- 3. If the collective mark contains a geographical name, the regulations governing the use of the mark must provide that any party whose goods originate within the geographical region so named, and who meets the conditions for use of the mark laid down in those regulations, has the right to become a member of the association and use the mark.
- 4. Any interested person is entitled to inspect the regulations governing the collective mark.