TURKISH PATENT INSTITUTE TRADEMARKS DEPARTMENT



Telephone:+90 312 3031000 Telefax :+90 312 3031333

PROTOCOL RELATING TO THE MADRID AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION OF MARKS

Notification of a refusal of protection not based on an opposition pursuant to Rule 17(2) of the Common Regulations.

Our reference: 2009/25192 HK

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TURKISH PATENT INSTITUTE

Trademarks Department

Hipodrom Caddesi No: 115 06330 Yenimahalle ANKARA

TURKEY

II- The international registration which is the subject of the refusal: 999178

- III- Name and address of the holder of the international registration which is the subject of the refusal: OTKRYTOE AKTSIONERNOE OBCHTCHESTVO "NEFTYANAYA KOMPANIYA "LUKOIL"
- IV- Provisions of the Decree-Law No:556 pertaining to the Protection of Trademarks:7/1(b) (The relevant provisions of the Turkish Trademarks Act are enclosed.)
- V- Grounds for provisional refusal:

7/1(b) Trademarks identical or confusingly similar with a trademark registered earlier or with an earlier filing date for registration in respect of an identical or same type of product or services.

National registration/application number(s); 201593 lukoil 200829 lukoil

VI- Provisional refusal for all of goods and services

VII- GENERAL INFORMATION:

Appeals may be lodged against the refusals of the Institute.

The holder of the international registration may lodge an appeal against this provisional refusal. The appeal has to be lodged through the intermediary of a representative who must be registered as a trademark agent at TPI and who is domiciled in Turkey. The appeal must be received by the Turkish Patent Institute no later than 2 months after the notification date of this provisional refusal by WIPO to the applicant or his representative If no appeal is received within this time limit, the designation will be considered as refusal of protection in Turkey in accordance with this provisional refusal.

If the designation is accepted subsequent to an appeal, the designation will be published in Turkish Official Trademark Bulletin. This allows -3 months from the date of publication — a party to file an opposition, which means that the designation may be the subject of a further refusal.

VIII- Notification Date of Refusal (ddmmyyyy):

10-08-2009

IV- Signature by the Office:

TURKISH PATENT INSTITUTE TRADEMARKS DEPARTMENT

Trademark Examiner

Number of continuation sheets:

TURKISH PATENT INSTITUTE Detailed Trademark Information

National Application Number

: 98/003677

Date of National Application

: 24/03/1998

National Registration Number

: 201593

Protection Date

: 24/03/2008

Mark

: lukoil

LUKOIL

Holders:

: OPEN JOINT STOCK COMPANY OIL COMPANY LUKOIL

Name Address

: 11, Sretensky Boulevard, Moscow-101000 RUSYA FEDERASYONU

Nice Classification:

04,07,20

List of goods and/or services:

Toz emici, ısıtıcı ve toz tutucu bileşimler; yakıtlar (motor yakıtı dahil), yanabilir, yakacak yanıcı ve vanabilir briketler, gazlar, ispirto, ispirto bazlı yakıtlar, ham veya rafine edilmiş petrol, sınai yağlar ve gresler, lubrikant (yağlayıcılar); motor yakıtları için kimyevi olmayan katkı maddeleri, kesici gazlar (cutting-gas), yağlayıcı gresler. Makineler ve makine aletleri ve bunların parçaları: makine aletleri, otomatik manipülatörler, hidrolik motorlar, elektrikli kaynak makineleri, gazla çalıştırılan kaynak cihazları, makine parçası olan yağlayıcı, kaldırma cihazları, vinçler, pompalama ünitesi dişli kutuları için yağ değiştiriciler, tamirat ve bakım sırasında kuyuların doldurulmasında kullanılan tuzlusolüsyon depolama makineleri, pompalar, motorlar (kara nakil taşıtları için olanlar hariç) ve bunların parçaları, petrol sondaj sahası ve rafineri donanımı, yüzer veya yüzer olmayan delme ringleri, petrolün boşaltılması ve nakli için üflemeli makineler, petrolün yükleme ve boşaltılmasında kullanılan cihazlar, yükleme rampaları, petrol rafine makineleri, sondaj makineleri, pnömatik tüplü konveyörler, küçük ölçekli arazilerin ekilmesi için olan küçük makineleri de içeren insaat ve zirai makineler, elektrikli mutfak makineleri, çamaşır makinesi, dikiş makinesi, elektrik jeneratörü, motorlu el aletleri, mekanik olarak çalıştırılan elde tutulan aletler, takımları ve cihazları, elektrikli süpürgeler, elektrikli cilamakine ve cihazları, membranlı tipide içeren gaz ayırıcı cihazlar, ayırıcılar. Mobilyalar ve bunların metal olmayan kısımları, madeni olmayan kutular, mücevher mahfazaları ve kutuları, aynalar, resim ve ayna çerçeveleri, hayvan boynuzları,toynakları ve kemikleri, ahşap, mantar, kamış, bambu, saz, hasır, boynuz, kemik, fildişi, balina kemiği, amber, sedef, lületaşı, plastik, balmumu, alçıdan mamul sanat eserleri, arıkovanları, tıbbi amaçlı olmayan yatak, şilte, minder ve yastıklar, hava vastıkları ve minderler, kampta kullanılan uyku

tulumları, plastik eşyalar, paketler, kutular, sepetler, fiçılar dahil olmak üzere ambalaj mahfazaları, sıvı yakıt mahfazaları, rezervuarlar, firincilar için ekmek sepeti, perde çubukları, şişe mantar ve tıkaçları, metal olmayan tıkaçlar, terzi mankenleri, matruşka (birbiri içine geçenbiblo bebekler).

TURKISH PATENT INSTITUTE Detailed Trademark Information

National Application Number

: 98/003678

Date of National Application

: 24/03/1998

National Registration Number

: 200829

Protection Date

: 24/03/2008

Mark

: lukoil

LUKOIL

Holders:

Name

: OPEN JOINT STOCK COMPANY OIL COMPANY LUKOIL

Address

: 11, Sretensky Boulevard, Moscow-101000 RUSYA FEDERASYONU

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RELEVANT SECTIONS OF THE DECREE-LAW NO.556 PERTAINING TO THE PROTECTION OF TRADEMARKS

SECTION TWO

Signs of Which a Trademark May Consist and Means Whereby a Trademark is Obtained

Signs of Which a Trademark May Consist

Article 5 - A trademark, provided that it is capable of distinguishing the goods and services of one undertaking from the goods and services of other undertakings, may consist of all kinds of signs being represented graphically such as words, including personal names, designs, letters, numerals, shape of the goods or their packaging and similarly descriptive means capable of being published and reproduced by printing.

Trademark may be registered along with the product or the packaging. However, the registration of the product or the packaging does not grant exclusive rights.

Means Whereby a Trademark Right is Obtained

Article 6 - Protection for a trademark under this Decree Having the Power of Law is obtained by registration.

Absolute Grounds for Refusal for Registry of a Trademark

Article 7 - Following signs shall not be registered as a trademark:

a) signs which do not conform with the provisions of Article 5,

b) trademarks identical or confusingly similar with a trademark registered earlier or with an earlier date of application for registration in respect of an identical or same type of product or services,

c) trademarks which consist exclusively of signs or indications which serve in trade to indicate the kind, characteristics, quality, intended purpose, value, geographical origin, or designate the time of production of the goods or of rendering of the service or other characteristics of goods or services,

d) trademarks which consist exclusively of signs and names used to distinguish specific groups of craftsmen, professionals or tradesmen or have become customary in the current and established practices of the trade.

e) signs containing the shape of the product which results from the nature of the good, which is necessary to obtain a technical result or which gives substantial value to the good,

f) trademarks which are of such a nature as to deceive the public, such as to the nature, quality, place of production or geographical origin of the goods and services,

g) trademarks which have not been authorised by the competent authorises and are to be refused pursuant to Article 6ter of the Paris Convention,

h) trademarks containing badges, emblems or escutcheons other than those covered by Article 6ter of the Paris Convention which have not been authorised by the competent authorises and are of particular historical and cultural public interest,

i) trademarks which have not been authorised by their owners, well known marks according to 6bis of the Paris Convention,

j) trademarks which contain religious symbols,

k) trademarks which contrary to public policy and to accepted principles of morality.

The provisions of (b), (c) & (d) can not be invoked to refuse the registration of a trademark which has been used before the registration and has acquired through this usage distinctive character in respect of the goods and services for which it is to be registered.

PART SIX Appeals Against the Decisions of the Institute

Appeals

Article 47 - Appeals may be placed against the decisions of the Institute.

Where an appeal is made for an interim decision, a separate appeal shall be allowed upon decision becoming final.

Persons Entitled to Appeal

Article 48 - Any party adversely affected by a decision of the Institute may appeal. Others party to the procedures with respect to the decisions shall have natural right of appeal

Form of Appeal

Article 49 - Notice of appeal must be filed in writing at the Institute within two months after the date of notification of the decision. The fee for appeal has to be paid when filing of the notice for the appeal to be examined. The grounds for appeal must be filed in a written statement within two months of the notification of the decision. Where the statement of grounds for appeal has not been submitted within this period the appeal shall be deemed not to have been filed.

Rectifying a Decision

Article 50 - The related department of the Institute upon deciding that the appeal is true and right may rectify its decision. This shall not apply where the appellant is opposed by another party to the proceedings.

If the appeal is not found acceptable by the related department, the appeal shall be forwarded to the Reexamination and Evaluation Board by the department without comment as to its merits.

Examination of Appeals

Article 51 - The Re-examination and Evaluation Board shall consider the appeal if the appeal is admissible.

The Re-examination and Evaluation Board shall invite the parties to submit their observations within the period prescribed by the Implementing Regulation, on the observations of the other parties or those of itself.

Decision in Respect of Appeal

Article 52 - After the examination, the Re-examination and Evaluation Board shall deliver its decision.

PART NINE Persons Authorized to Act and Trademark Agents

Persons Authorized to Act

Article 80 - The following are authorised to act before the Institute with respect to trademarks:

- a) natural or legal persons who have filed the application. Legal persons may only be represented by those duly empowered by their respective authorised bodies.
 - b) trademark agents.

Those who are domiciled outside the country can only be represented by trademark agents.

Where an agent has been appointed, all procedures are executed through the agent. All notices made to the agent shall be considered to have been made to the assignee.